

its payment cards to classify the goods or services provided or furnished by a merchant or payee.”.

SUBMITTED RESOLUTIONS

SENATE RESOLUTION 116—SUPPORTING THE GOALS AND IDEALS OF “DEEP VEIN THROMBOSIS AND PULMONARY EMBOLISM AWARENESS MONTH”

Mr. GRASSLEY (for himself and Mr. LUIJÁN) submitted the following resolution; which was considered and agreed to:

S. RES. 116

Whereas deep vein thrombosis (referred to in this preamble as “DVT”) is a condition that occurs when a blood clot forms in the deep veins of the body, such as in the arm, abdomen, around the brain, and most commonly in the leg;

Whereas a potentially life-threatening complication of DVT is pulmonary embolism (referred to in this preamble as “PE”), where a blood clot breaks off, travels through the blood stream, and lodges in the lung;

Whereas DVT and PE are serious but often preventable medical conditions;

Whereas DVT and PE affect as many as 900,000 individuals in the United States each year;

Whereas DVT and PE kill an estimated 60,000 to 100,000 individuals in the United States each year, and 1 out of 4 individuals who have a PE die without warning;

Whereas DVT and PE deaths are often preventable;

Whereas DVT and PE are leading causes of preventable hospital death in the United States;

Whereas DVT and PE are a common complication faced by cancer patients, and survival rates are lower for individuals with cancer who also have blood clots;

Whereas pregnancy increases the risk of DVT and PE, and that risk remains elevated for up to 3 months after giving birth;

Whereas immobility, surgery, older age, and a family history of clotting and thrombophilia increase the risk of DVT and PE;

Whereas DVT and PE contributes to up to \$10,000,000 in incremental medical costs each year in the United States; and

Whereas the establishment of March as “Deep Vein Thrombosis and Pulmonary Embolism Awareness Month” would raise awareness about this life-threatening but preventable condition: Now, therefore, be it

Resolved, That the Senate—

(1) supports the goals and ideals of “Deep Vein Thrombosis and Pulmonary Embolism Awareness Month”; and

(2) recognizes the importance of raising awareness of deep vein thrombosis and pulmonary embolism.

AMENDMENTS SUBMITTED AND PROPOSED

SA 2. Mr. PAUL submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 316, to repeal the authorizations for use of military force against Iraq; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 3. Mr. RUBIO submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 316, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 4. Mr. RUBIO submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S.

316, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 5. Mr. RUBIO submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 316, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 6. Mr. RUBIO submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 316, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 7. Mr. RUBIO submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 316, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 8. Mr. CRUZ submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 316, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 9. Mr. CRUZ submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 316, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 10. Mr. JOHNSON submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 316, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 11. Mr. JOHNSON submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 316, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 12. Mr. JOHNSON submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 316, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 13. Mr. SCOTT of Florida (for himself, Mr. TILLIS, and Mr. CASSIDY) submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 316, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 14. Mr. GRAHAM submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 316, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 15. Mr. SCHUMER proposed an amendment to the bill S. 316, supra.

SA 16. Mr. LEE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 316, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 17. Mr. LEE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 316, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 18. Mr. LEE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 316, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 19. Mr. LEE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 316, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 20. Mr. LEE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 316, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 21. Mr. LEE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 316, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 22. Mr. LEE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 316, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 23. Mr. LEE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 316, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 24. Mr. LEE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 316, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 25. Mr. LEE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 316, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 26. Mr. LEE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 316, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 27. Mr. LEE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 316, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 28. Mr. LEE submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 316, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 29. Mr. JOHNSON submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 316, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 30. Mr. RICKETTS submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 316, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 31. Mr. BUDD submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 316, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 32. Mr. SULLIVAN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 316, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 33. Mr. SULLIVAN submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 316, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 34. Mr. HAGERTY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 316, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

SA 35. Mr. HAGERTY submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 316, supra; which was ordered to lie on the table.

TEXT OF AMENDMENTS

SA. 2. Mr. PAUL submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 316, to repeal the authorizations for use of military force against Iraq; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end, add the following:

SEC. 3. REPEAL OF 2001 AUTHORIZATION FOR USE OF MILITARY FORCE.

The Authorization for Use of Military Force (Public Law 107-40; 115 Stat. 224; 50 U.S.C. 1541 note) is repealed effective 180 days after the date of the enactment of this Act.

SA 3. Mr. RUBIO submitted an amendment intended to be proposed by him to the bill S. 316, to repeal the authorizations for use of military force against Iraq; which was ordered to lie on the table; as follows:

At the end of the bill, add the following:

SEC. 3. CONGRESSIONAL REVIEW WITH RESPECT TO FTO DESIGNATION OF ISLAMIC REPUBLIC REVOLUTIONARY GUARD.

(a) IN GENERAL.—Not later than 30 days before the Secretary of State rescinds the designation of the Islamic Republic Revolutionary Guard as a foreign terrorist organization under section 219 of the Immigration and Nationality Act (8 U.S.C. 1189), the Secretary shall submit to Congress a notice of intent to rescind such designation.

(b) LIMITATION ON EXERCISE OF AUTHORITY DURING CONGRESSIONAL REVIEW.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, during the 30-day period described in subsection (a), the Secretary may not rescind the designation of the Islamic Republic Revolutionary Guard as a foreign terrorist organization unless a joint resolution of approval is enacted.

(c) EFFECT OF ENACTMENT OF JOINT RESOLUTION OF DISAPPROVAL.—Notwithstanding any other provision of law, if a joint resolution of disapproval relating to a notice of intent submitted under subsection (a) is enacted during the 30-day period described in